# Using TRMM Tools to Investigate the Affects of Tropical Storm Agatha on Guatemala

A Case Study
Amanda DePasquale
GSFS Summer Intern

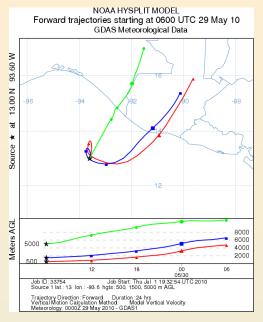
### Background

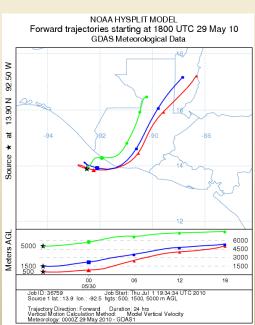
- First tropical storm of the 2010 Pacific season
- Originated in the Eastern Pacific near Central America
- Began on May 29<sup>th</sup>, and ended on May 30<sup>th</sup>
- Made landfall on Mexico-Guatemala border
- Agatha was a slow-moving system, which allowed for an excess of 20 in (510 mm) of rain to fall over El Salvador, Nicaragua, and Guatemala
- Heavy rainfall caused landslides and flooding which killed 180 people
- We will examine the affects that Agatha had on Guatemala using a variety of tools looking at TRMM precipitation data

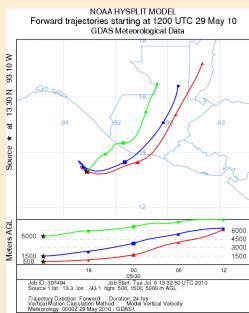
### Storm Track

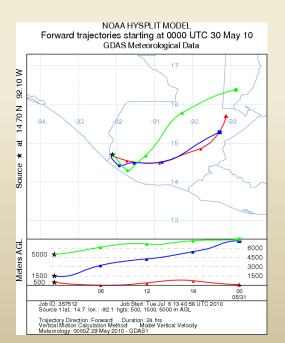


### Storm Trajectory By Hour and Location

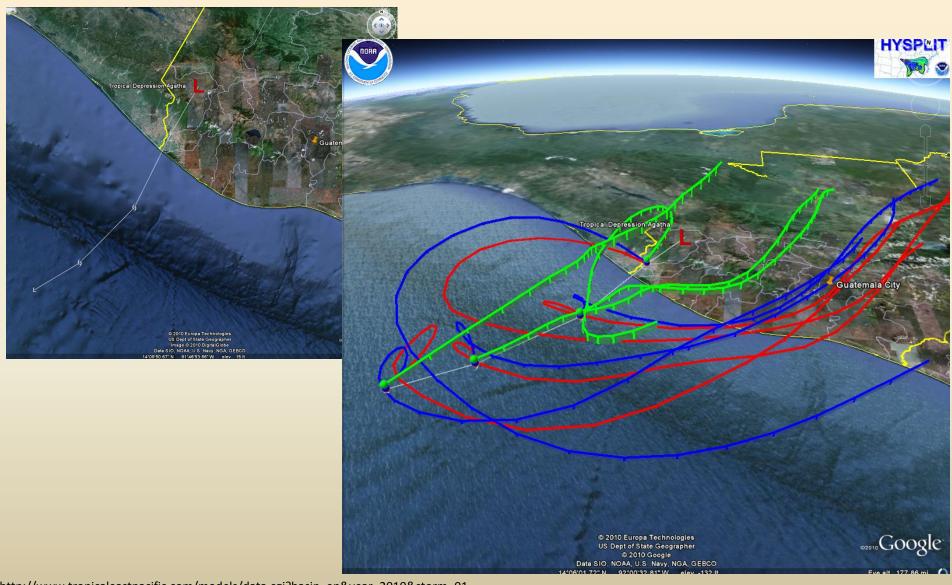




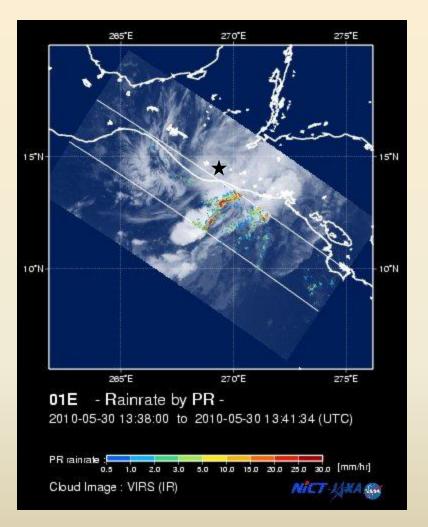


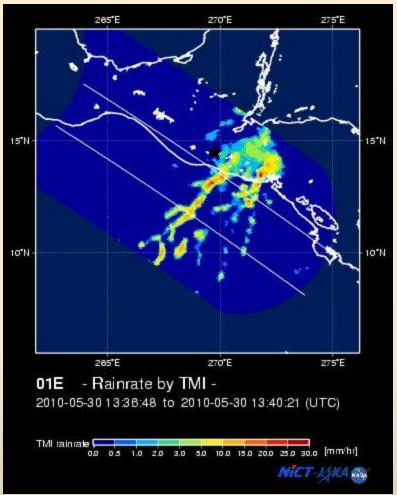


# Storm Tracks by Hour and Location on Google Earth

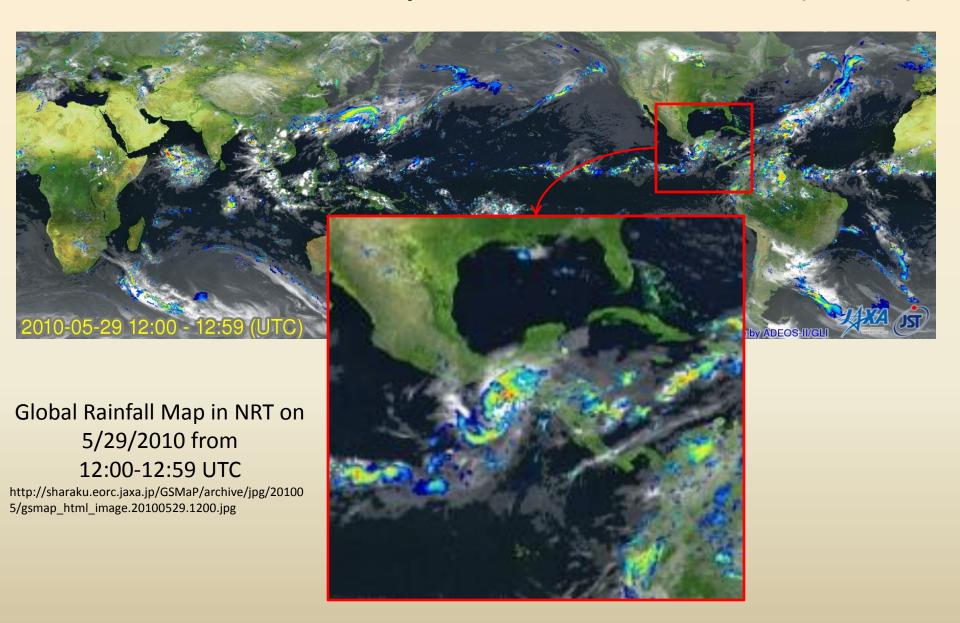


### Rain Rate by PR and TMI (JAXA)

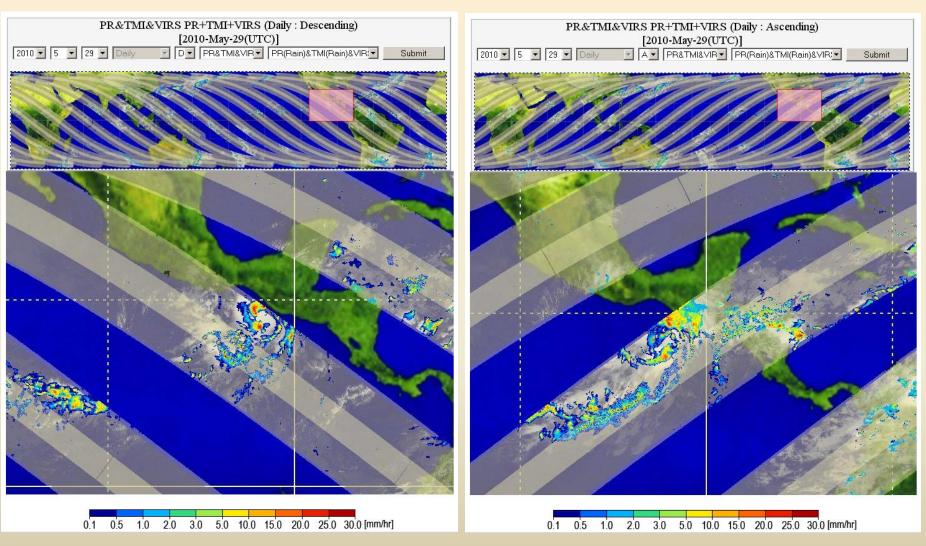




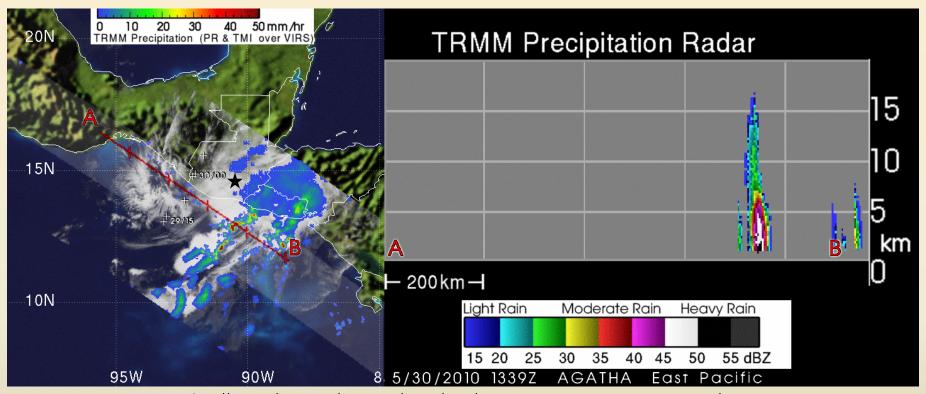
### Global Rainfall Map in Near Real Time (JAXA)



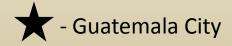
### PR, TMI, and VIRS Rain Rate in Real Time (JAXA)



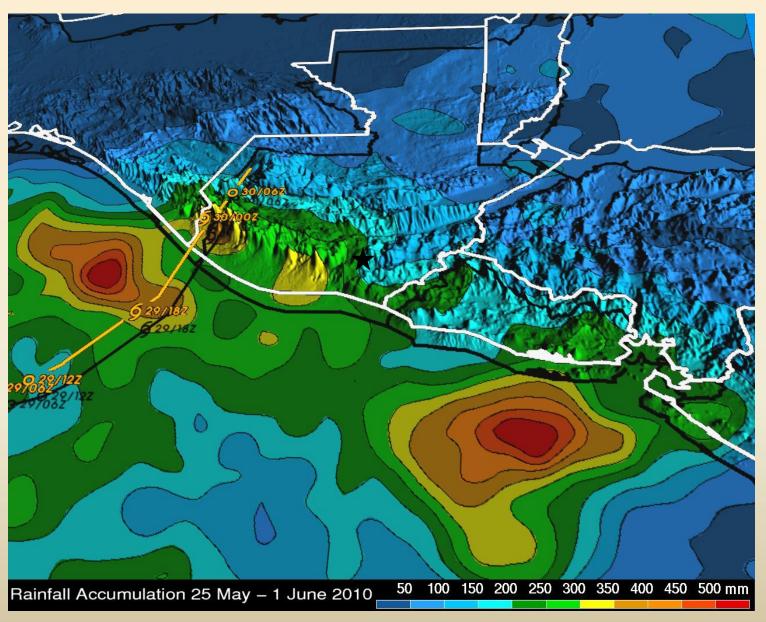
#### Rain Rate and Vertical Distribution by PR (NASA)



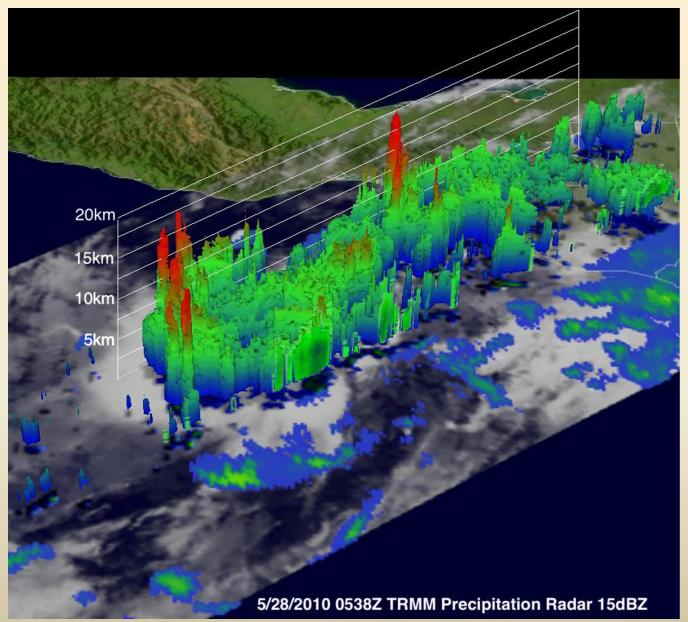
http://trmm.gsfc.nasa.gov/trmm\_rain/Events/EPAC/EPAC.2010-5-30T1339Z\_\_\_\_\_\_AGATHA.gif



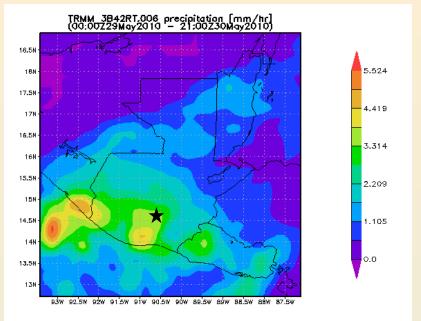
### Rain Accumulation (NASA)

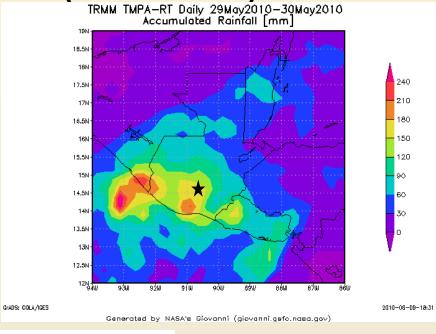


### Vertical Precipitation Distribution (NASA)

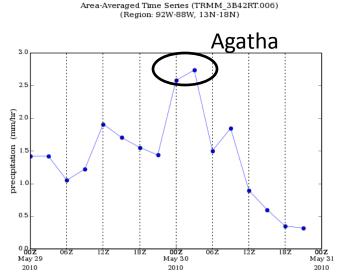


### Rain Rate, Accumulated Rainfall and Time Series (Giovanni)

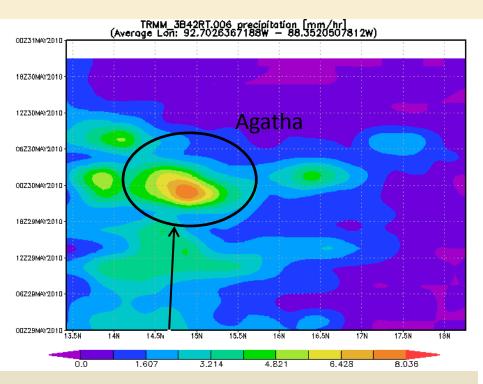


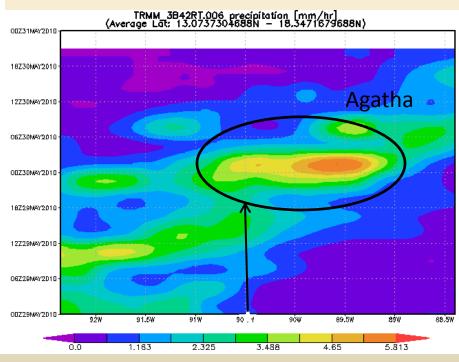


All images generated with GIOVANNI TOVAS http://disc2.nascom.nasa.gov/Giovanni/tovas/

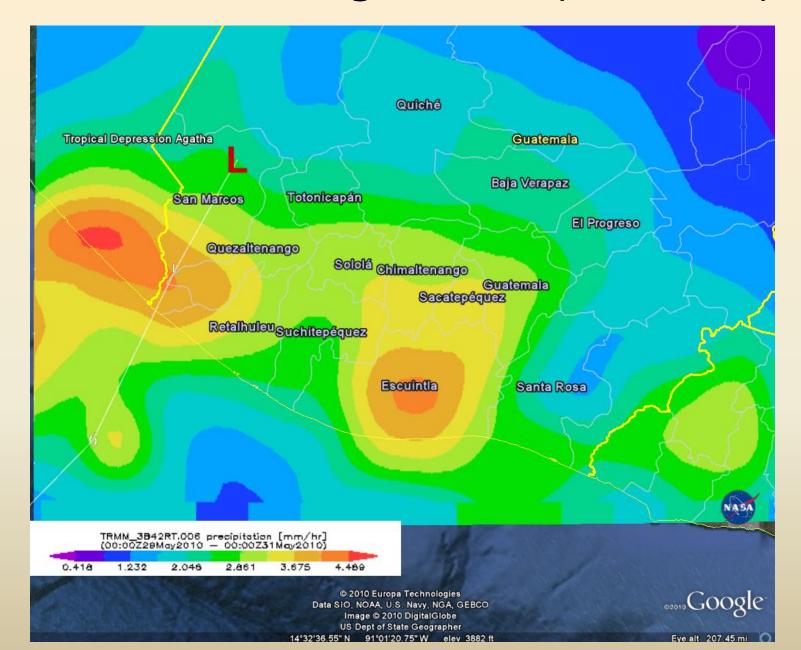


### Hovmoller Diagrams by Latitude and Longitude (Giovanni)

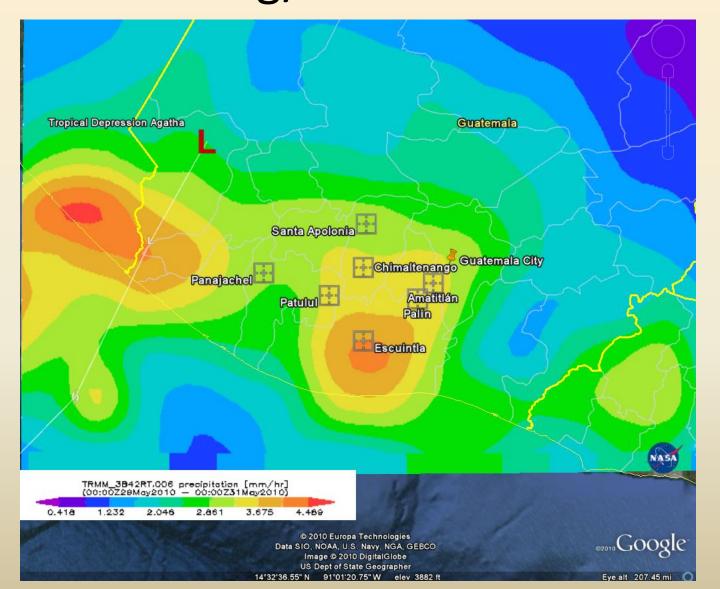




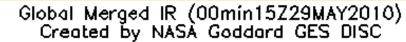
### Rain Rate in Google Earth (Giovanni)

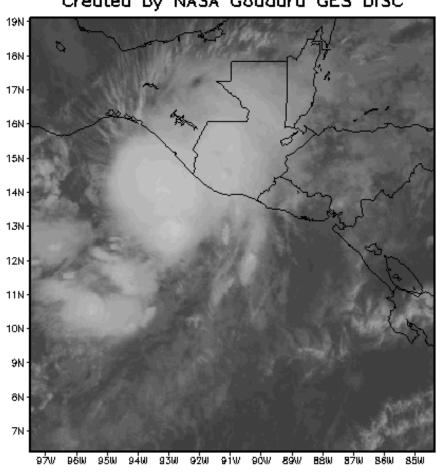


## Rain Rate in Google Earth (Giovanni) with Flooding/Landslide Locations

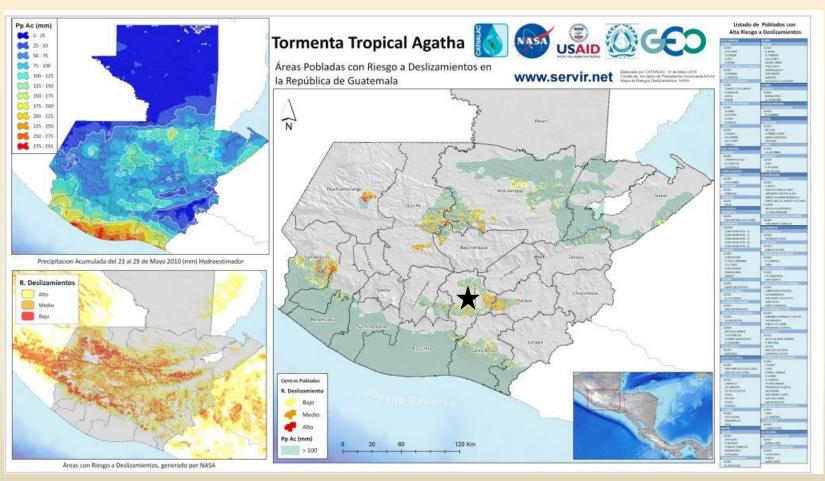


## Merged IR Animation (Hurricane Analysis Tool)



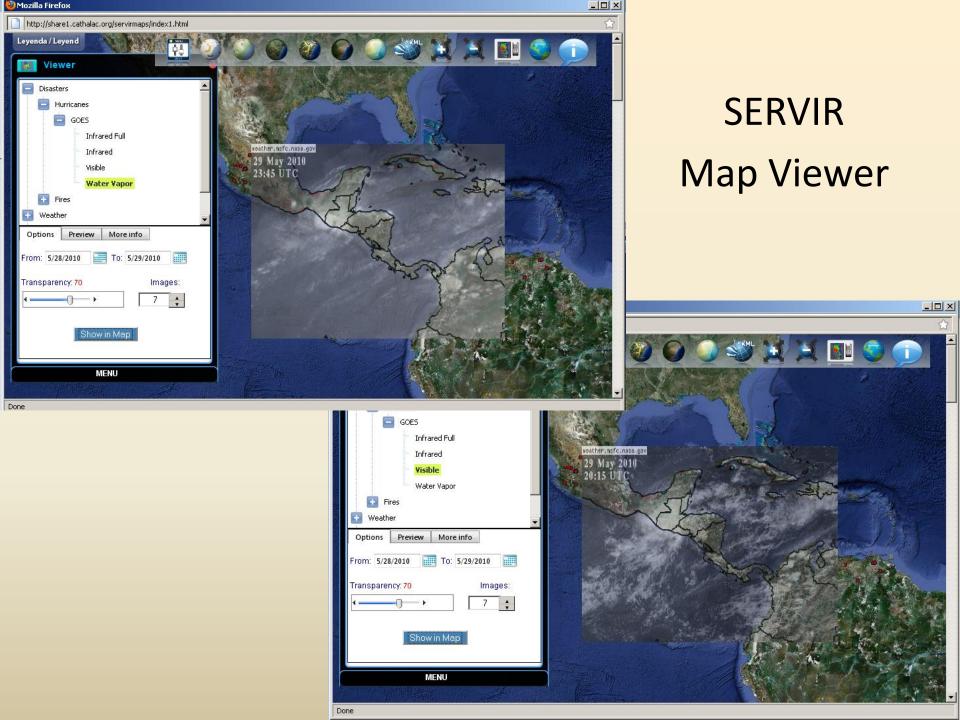


### Landslide Risks (SERVIR)

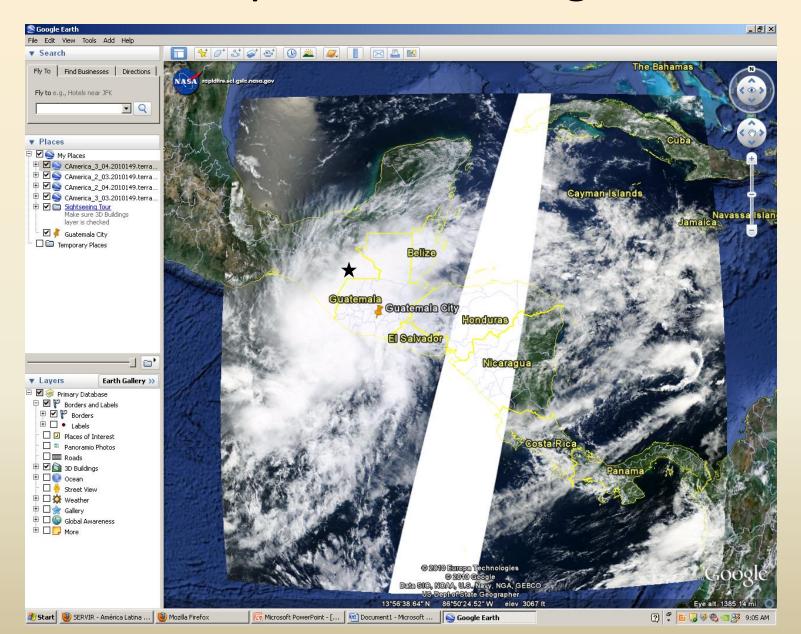


Areas at risk for landslides 5/29

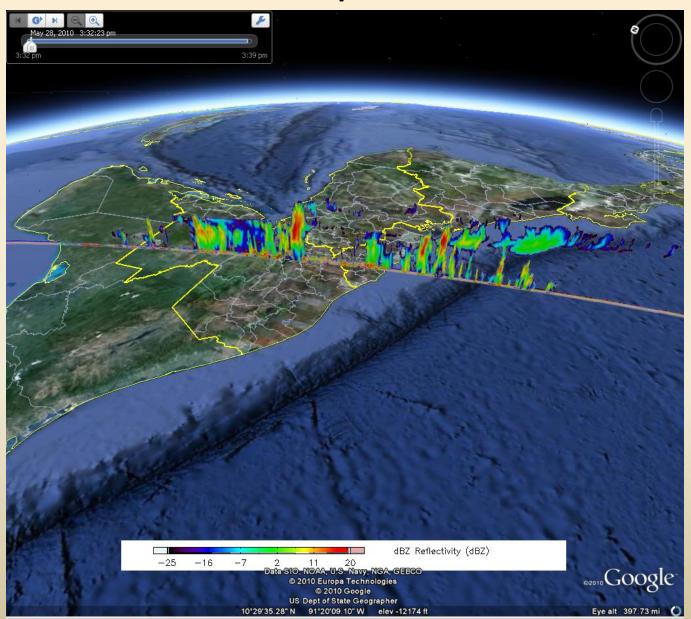
 $http://www.servir.net/tormenta\_tropical\_agatha\_mayo\_2010$ 



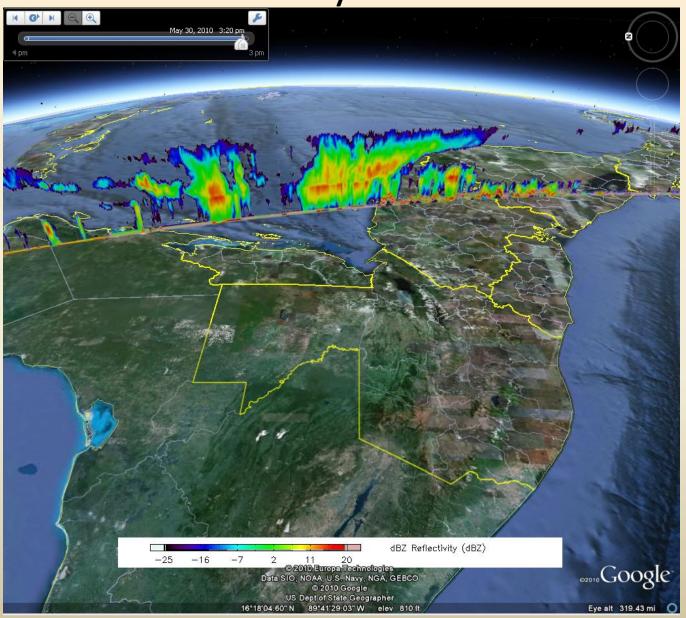
### MODIS Rapid Fire in Google Earth



### CloudSat Reflectivity in Google Earth May 28



CloudSat Reflectivity in Google Earth May 30



### Analysis

- Heavy rainfall was evident in Guatemala during Tropical Storm Agatha
- The area in and around Guatemala City had some of the highest accumulated rainfall values, and some of the highest rainfall rates



 The heavy precipitation caused high landslide risks, followed by actual landslides, flooding, and...

### Guatemala City: May 31, 2010



# Link to a Video of: <u>River Flooding in Panajachel,</u> <u>Guatemala</u>

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t100xk59f3I&feature=channel

#### Link to Images:

http://blogs.denverpost.com/captured/2010/06/01/captured-tropical-storm-agatha/

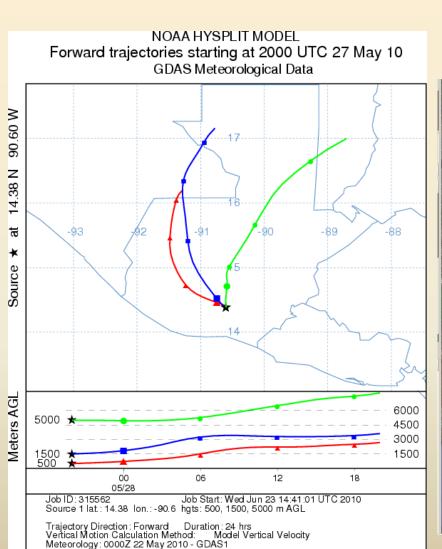
### Pacaya Volcano

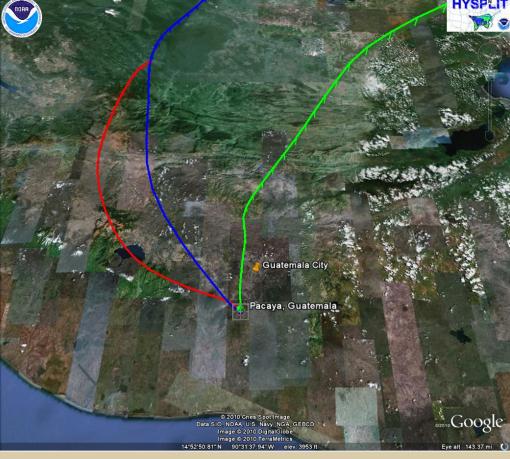
- Just two days before Tropical Storm Agatha hit Guatemala, the Pacaya Volcano erupted
- On Thursday, May 27<sup>th</sup> at 20Z the volcano began spewing ash and small rocks that covered parts of Guatemala City
  - The international airport was closed
  - In some places, ash was 7 cm thick
- 1,600 people evacuated their homes
- Multiple deaths and missing people

### Location

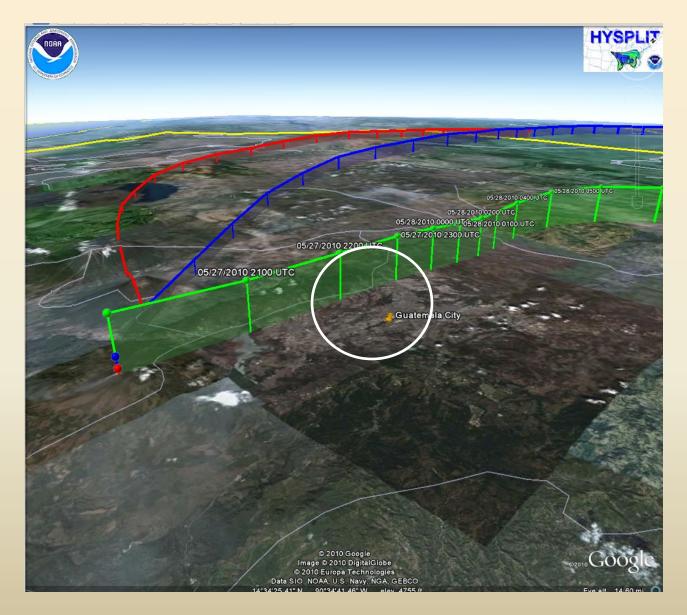


### Trajectory of Air that Carried Ash





### Timing of Ash



According to this trajectory, ash should have fallen over Guatemala City on May 27<sup>th</sup>, around 2200 UTC, 2 hours after the volcano erupted.